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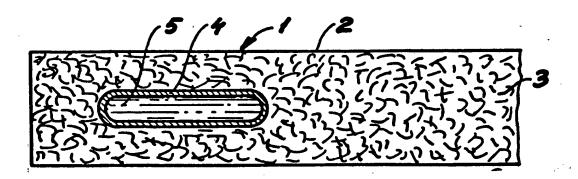
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(57) Abstract

A self-extinguishing cigarette comprising a tubular outer wrapper surrounding a t bacco rod or column is provided with a non-collapsible elongated ampoule, which will break, soften, fuse or burn when exposed to heat, containing a n ninflammable liquid medium in a sufficient amount to extinguish the glow in the cigarette when liberated from the ampoule and arranged coaxially at the m uth end and within the body of the cigarette.

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S lf-extinguishing cigarett

The invention relates to a self-extinguishing cigarett .

It is well-known that a discarded smouldering cigarette can be unpleasant and dangerous because the cigarette may continue to smoulder and burn after the smoking has been discontinued.

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The unpleasant aspects consist primarily in bad smell and odour produced during the slow burning of the discarded cigarette. The dangerous aspects consist in different types of serious fire hazards. Smouldering cigarettes in ashtrays have caused numerous fires which have resulted in complete destruction of buildings, ships, etc., e.g. when ashtrays with still smouldering cigarettes have been emptied in containers containing inflammable materials; and smouldering cigarettes discarded on the ground have caused numerous large and devastating fires in forests and fields.

These inconveniences and hazards could be eliminated or at least minimized if it was possible to provide a reliable self-extinguishing cigarette, which in the present context is defined as a cigarette having the ability of extinguishing itself at the moment when the glow arrives at a predetermined position on its way towards the mouth end of the cigarette. A further advantage of a self-extinguishing cigarette consists in the possibility of arranging the extinguishing position at such a point that it is impossible to smoke the last part of the cigarett, which is a kn wledg d as being the minimized of the cigarett and the second self-extinguishing the extinguishing the smoke the last part of the cigarett, which is a kn wledg d as being the minimized of the second self-extinguishing the smoke the last part of the cigarett, which is a kn wledg d as being the minimized in the second self-extinguishing the smoke the last part of the cigarett, which is a kn wledg d as being the minimized in the second self-extinguishing the second self-extinguishing the second self-extinguishing the second self-extinguishing the self-extinguishing the second self-extinguishing the

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pos d t pr vide a self-extinguishing cigarett comprising an encircling band r bands located int rmediat its ends and tr ated chemically or by c nstricti n, r both, for the purpose of extinguishing the slow burning or smouldering of the cigarette when the smoking thereof is discontinued, whilst permitting the proper burning of the cigarette when smoked in the usual way.

However, this solution cannot be considered satisfactory,
10 partly because of unreliability, partly because the
chemically treated bands will cause formation of unacceptable gases with bad or strange taste when exposed to
the glow during or after smoking.

15 Cigarette filters containing a single or a plurality of collapsible capsule(s) or ampoule(s) filled with water or other liquids are known, e.g. from US patent specification no. 3,428,049 and DK patent specification no. 125,566. The water or liquid contained in these capsules or ampoules is released by applying a squeezing pressure to the outer wrapper of the filter, thereby breaking the collapsible capsule or ampoule. According to this part of the known art, the purpose of releasing the water or the liquid in the filter is to improve the effect of the filter and if desired to augment or supplement the flavour of the smoke.

The safe functioning of such filters is however endanger d by untimely breaking of the collapsible capsules or ampoules, e.g. during the production of the filter; when the filters are arranged in the cigarettes; and during packaging and transport of the cigarettes from fact ry t us r.

35 The object f the pres nt inv ntion is t pr vid a reliabl self- xtinguishing igarett, as defin d ab ve

which does not xhibit any f the above mentioned draw-backs.

This is achieved according to the present invention
by a self-extinguishing cigarette comprising a tubular
outer wrapper surrounding a tobacco rod or column, which
is characterized by comprising a non-collapsible elongated
ampoule, which will break, soften, fuse or burn when
exposed to heat, containing a non-inflammable liquid
medium in a sufficient amount to extinguish the glow
in the cigarette when liberated from the ampoule and
arranged coaxially at the mouth end and within the body
of the cigarette.

- 15 During smoking of the cigarette according to the present invention the glow will move down towards the ampoule, which will break, either directly by the action of the heat of the glow or indirectly by a pressure increase in the liquid medium, thus causing release of the liquid medium, preferably water or an aqueous solution, contain d in the ampoule. The released water or liquid will then rapidly extinguish the glow, i.e. the cigarette, without any conscious action from the smoker being needed.
- 25 Since the non-collapsible construction of the ampoule ensures that it will not break when the cigarette is subjected to a normal squeezing pressure, i.e. a pressur less than what would destroy the cigarette in any case, there is no risk of untimely release of the water or liquid contained in the ampoule.

The ampoule is preferentially formed from a material, which will fuse or soften by the action of heat from the glow, and whi h does not pr duc n xi us gases r any sm ll r tast wh n xpos d t h at. P ly thyl n and polypr pylen are xampl s f such preferr d materials.

Preferably the ampoul has a length f about 10-25 mm, an ext rnal diameter f ab ut 1.5 - 4 mm and an int rnal diamet r of about 0.5 - 3.5 mm. Such ampoules can easily be manufactured by spot sealing a corresponding tube filled with water or liquid.

If desired, the water or the liquid may be kept at a moderate pressure within the ampoule.

- The water or the liquid contained in the ampoule may contain additives, such as surfactants or other useful components, e.g. components augmenting or supplementing the flavour of the smoke, such as menthol or lemon oil.
- Regardless of the composition and nature of the liquid in the ampoule, it should be present in a sufficient amount to extinguish the glow in the cigarette. In case of water less than 0.03 ml will generally suffice.
- According to a preferred embodiment of the invention the ampoule is formed with a first end wall facing the glow and an opposite second end wall facing the mouth end of the cigarette, said first end wall being thinner than said second end wall.

The cigarette according to the present invention may also be provided with a filter element facing the tobacc rod or column. In this case the ampoule may be embedded partly in the filter element, partly in the tobacco rod, or it may be entirely embedded in the tobacco rod.

In the drawings

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fig. 1 is a 1 ngitudinal ross-s ti nal vi w f ne
35 emb diment f the igarette acc rding t th inv nti n,
without filt r tip;

fig. 2 is a longitudinal cross-s cti nal view f anoth r mbodiment f the igarette acc rding t the inv ntion, with filter tip; and

fig. 3 is a longitudinal cross-sectional view of a filter element containing an ampoule.

As shown in fig. 1 a cigarette 1 without filter comprises an outer wrapper 2 surrounding a tobacco rod or column

3 containing an ampoule 4 containing water 5 arranged at the mouth end of the cigarette.

The filter cigarette 1 shown in fig. 2 comprises an outer wrapper 2 surrounding a tobacco rod or column 3 facing a filter rod 6. In this case the ampoule 4 is embedded partly in the filter rod 6, partly in the tobacco rod 3.

If it is desired to provide a filter cigarette, which
will extinguish when the glow is further away from the
filter, the ampoule may be embedded totally in the tobacc
rod.

Fig. 3 shows a filter element 7 which may be used in
the manufacture of the cigarette shown in fig. 2. This
filter element 7 comprises a filter rod 6 and an ampoul
4 partially embedded therein. The illustrated ampoule
4 is formed with a thin end wall 8 facing the glow and
an opposite end wall 9 having normal thickness and facing
the mouth end of the filter.

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PATENT CLAIMS

- A self-extinguishing cigarette comprising a tubular outer wrapper surrounding a tobacco rod or column,
 c h a r a c t e r i z e d by comprising a non-collapsible elongated ampoule, which will break, soften, fuse or burn when exposed to heat, containing a non-inflammable liquid medium in a sufficient amount to extinguish th glow in the cigarette when liberated from the ampoule
 and arranged coaxially at the mouth end and within th body of the cigarette.
 - A self-extinguishing cigarette according to claim
 1,
- 15 characterized in that the liquid medium is water or an aqueous solution.
 - A self-extinguishing cigarette according to claims
 2.
- 20 characterized in that the ampoule is shaped with a first end wall facing the glow and an opposite second end wall facing the mouth end of the cigarette, said first end wall being thinner than said second end wall.

A self-extinguishing cigarette according to claims
 3,

characterized in that the ampoule has a _______ length of about 10 - 25 mm, an external diameter of about 1.5 - 4 mm, and an internal diameter of about 0.5 - 3.5 mm.

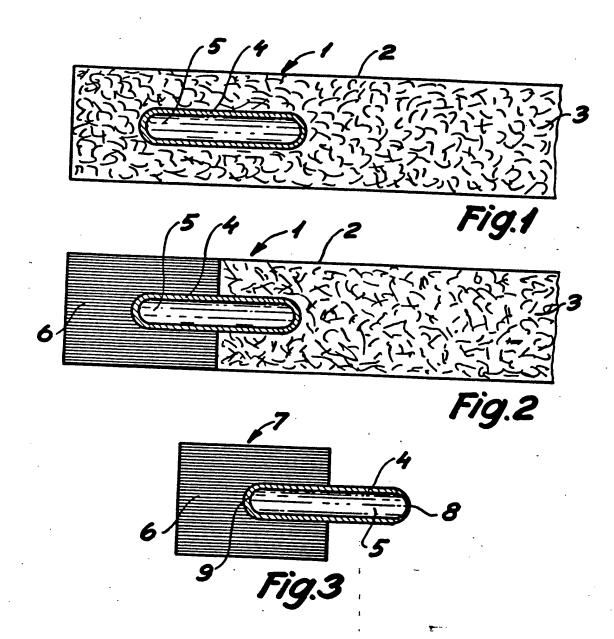
- A s lf- xtinguishing cigarette acc rding t claims
 4,
- 35 characterized in that the amp ul is frm d fa plastic material which will s ft n, fuse r burn

when xpos d to heat without lib rating noxious or sm lling gases.

- 6. A self-extinguishing cigarette according to claim 5,
 5 c h a r a c t e r i z e d in that said plastic material is polyethylene or polypropylene.
 - A self-extinguishing cigarette according to claims
 6,
- 10 characterized in that said cigarette is provided with a filter element facing the tobacco rod or column and that the ampoule is embedded partly in the filter element, partly in the tobacco rod.
- 8. A self-extinguishing cigarette according to claims 1 - 6,
 - c h a r a c t e r i z e d in that said cigarette is provided with a filter element facing the tobacco rod or column and that the ampoule is entirely embedded
- 20 in the tobacco rod.

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

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I. CLASSIFICAT	ION F SUBJECT MATTER (if several clas	sification symbols apply, indicate all)			
According to Inters	estional Patent Classification (IPC) or to both N	ational Classification and IPC 4			
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Cissalfication System			·		
		Classification Symbols			
IPC 2	A 24 C 5/50				
IPC 4	A 24 D 1/00, /06, /10				
US C1 131:4, 349, 360-363					
Documentation Searched other than Minimum Documentation to the Extent that such Documents are included in the Fields Searched 9					
	and an area of the second and the se	ts are included in the Fields Searched			
SE, NO, DK, FI classes as above					
III. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT					
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IV. CERTIFI ATION Date of the Actual Completion of the International Search Date of Mailing of this International Search					
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